

1/24

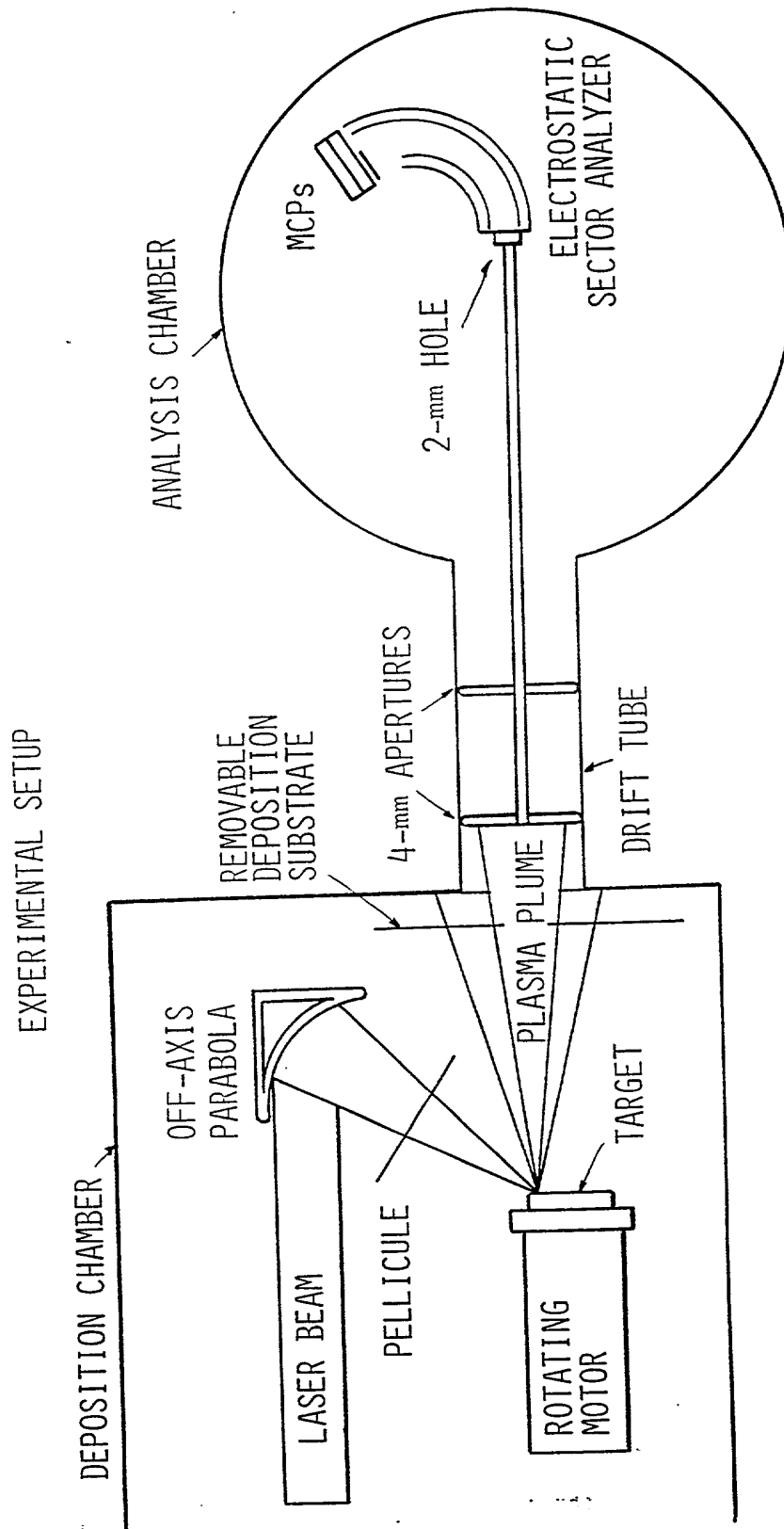


FIG.1

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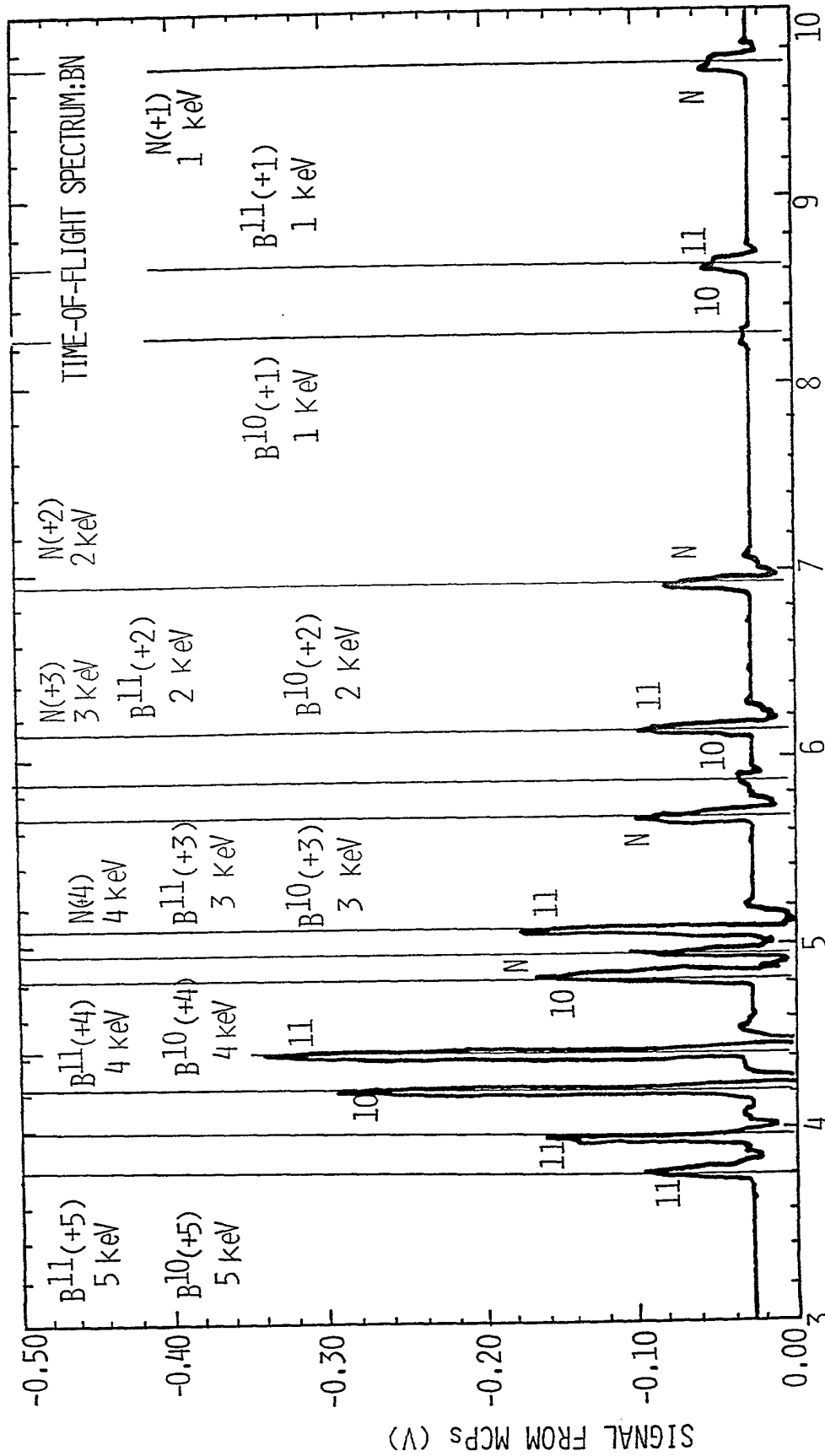


FIG. 2

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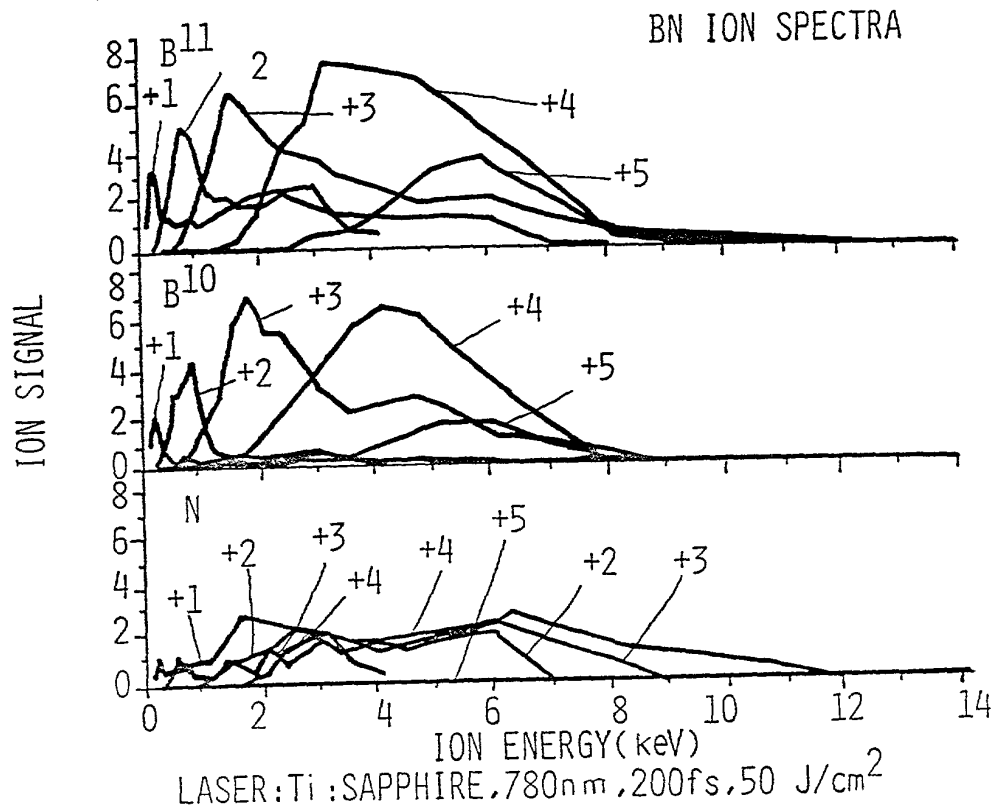


FIG.3A

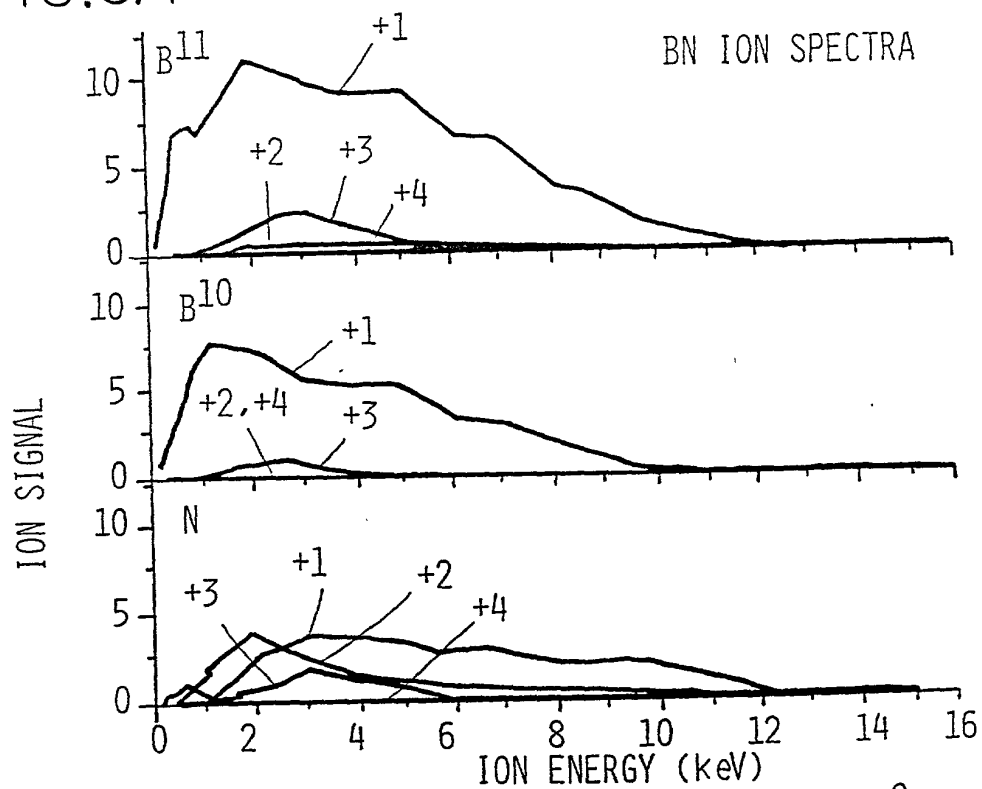


FIG.3B

208220" 40E9800f

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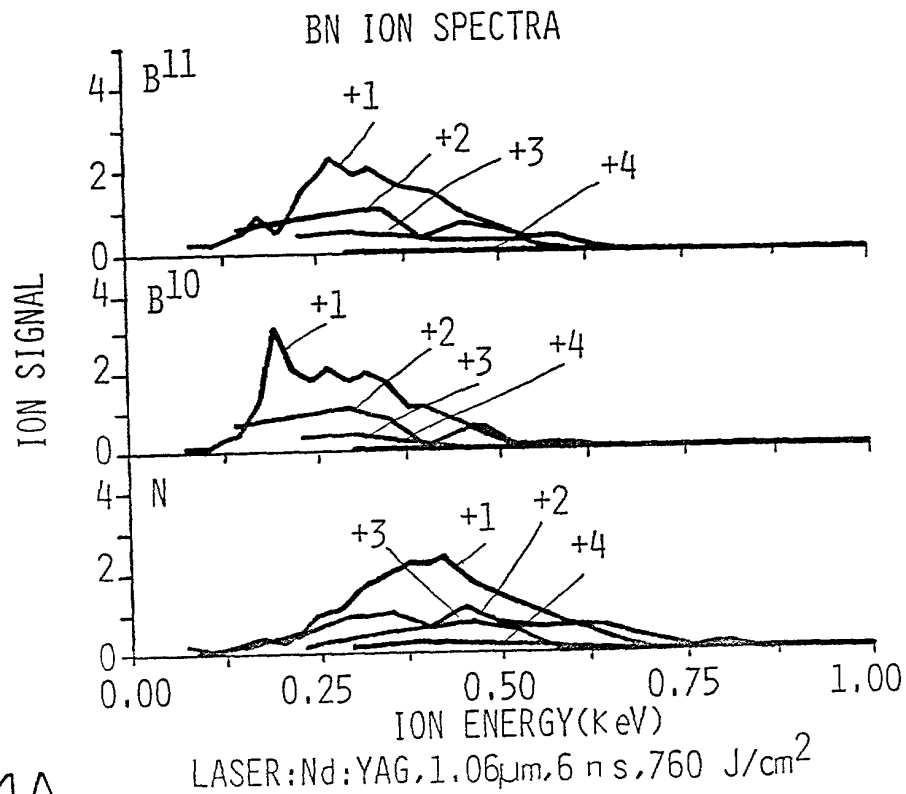


FIG.4A

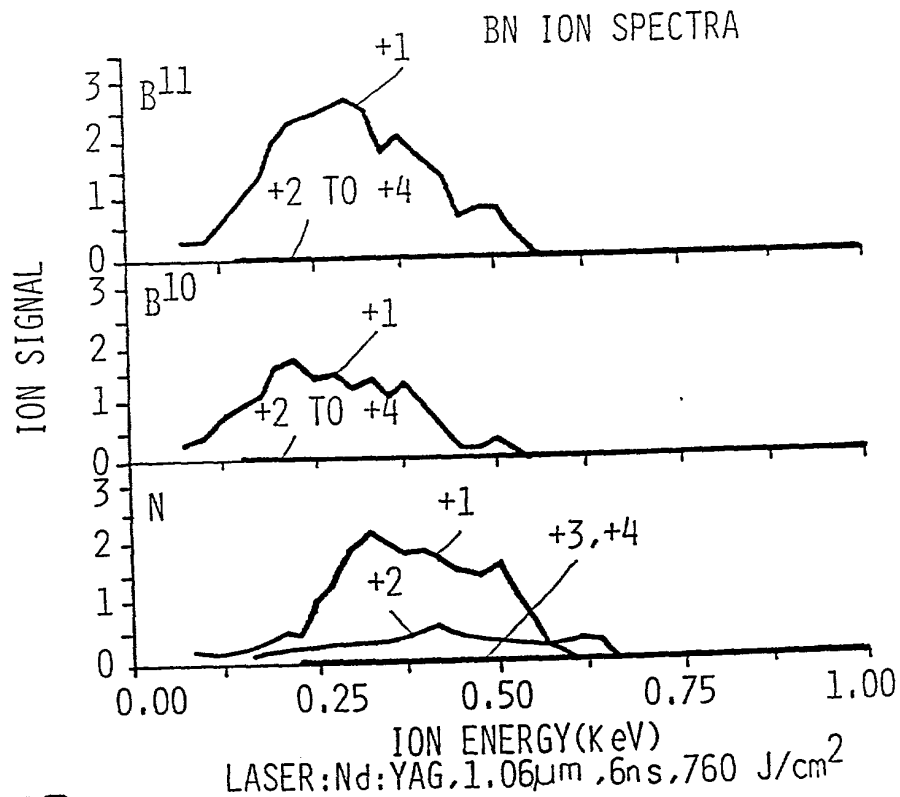


FIG.4B

208220" 40698001

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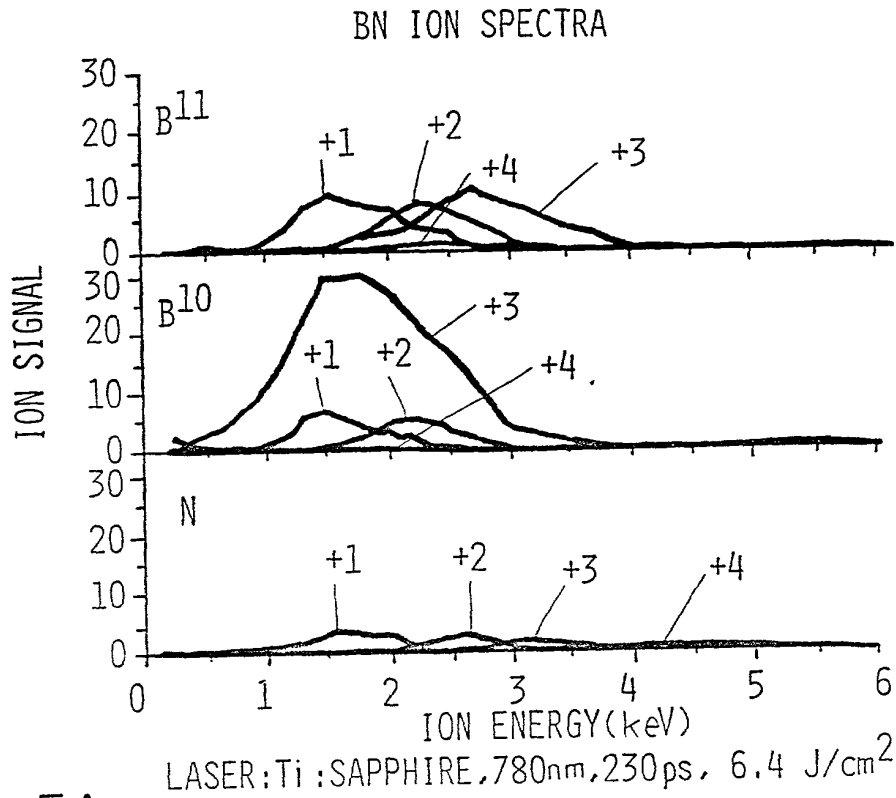


FIG.5A

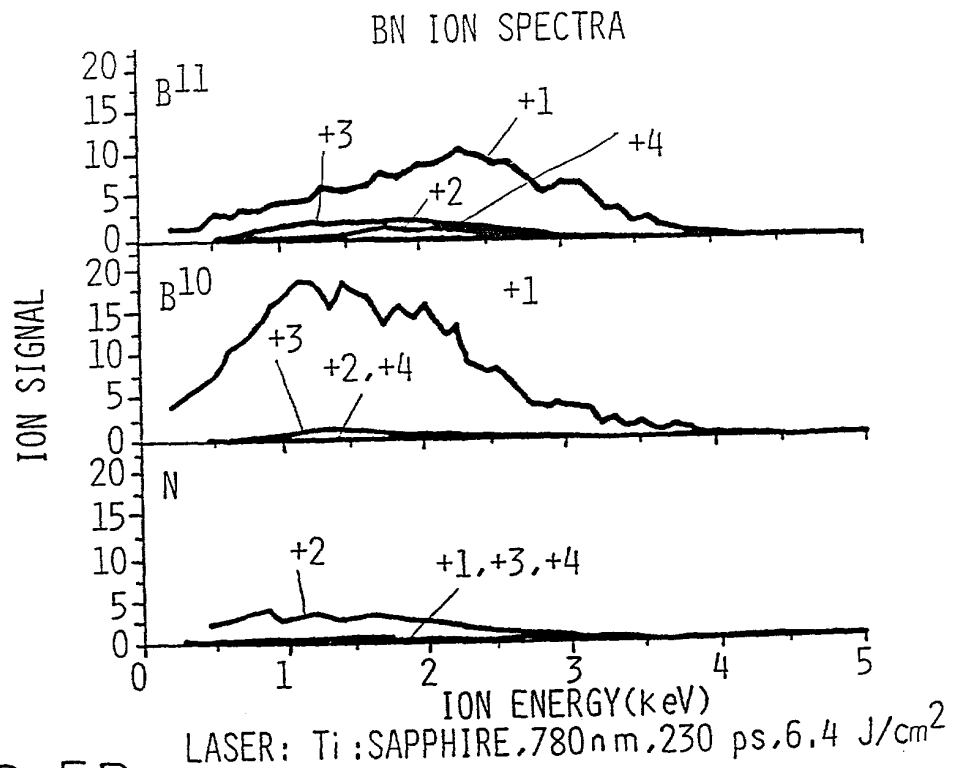


FIG.5B

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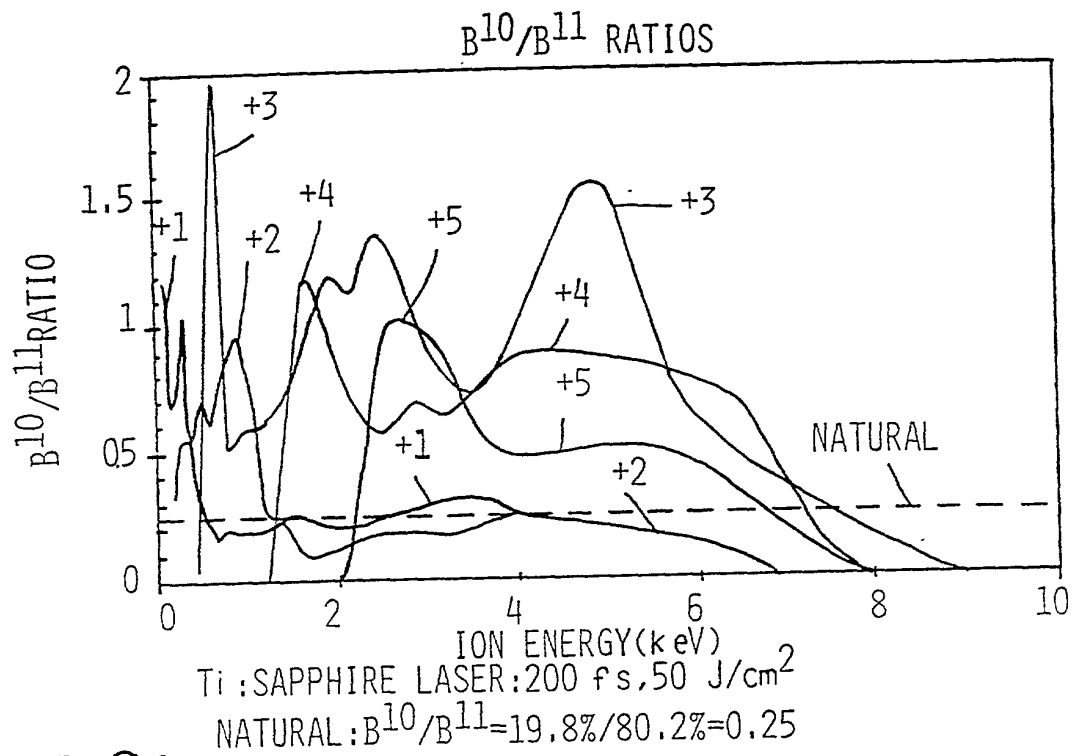


FIG.6A

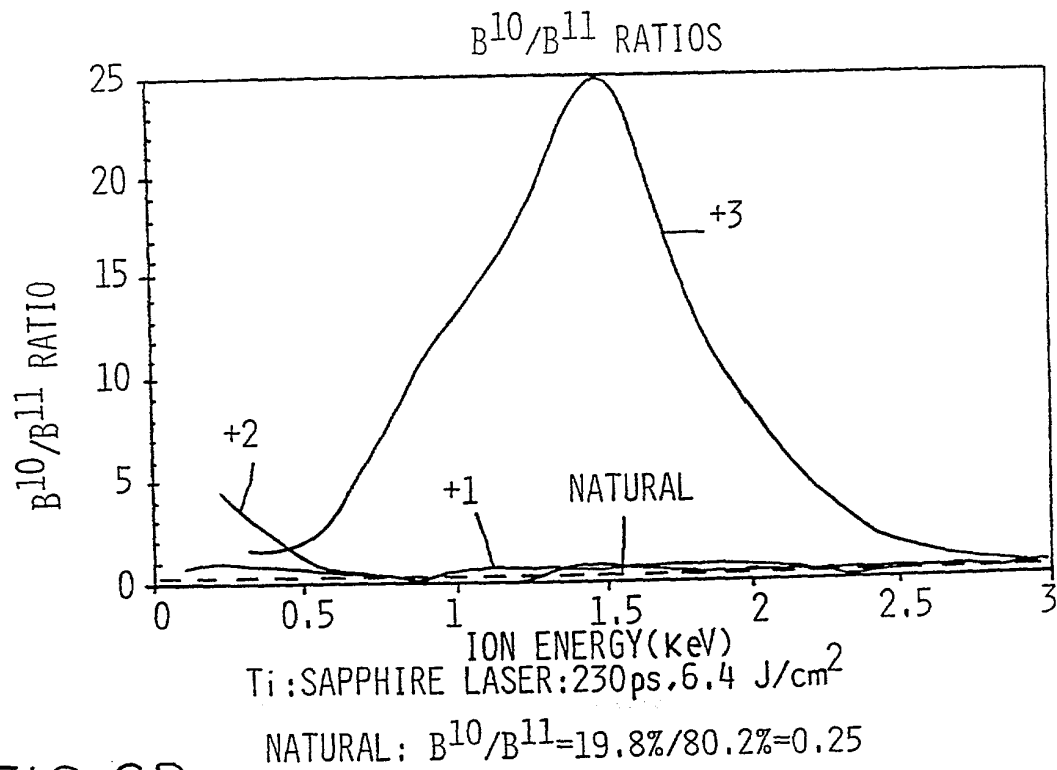


FIG.6B

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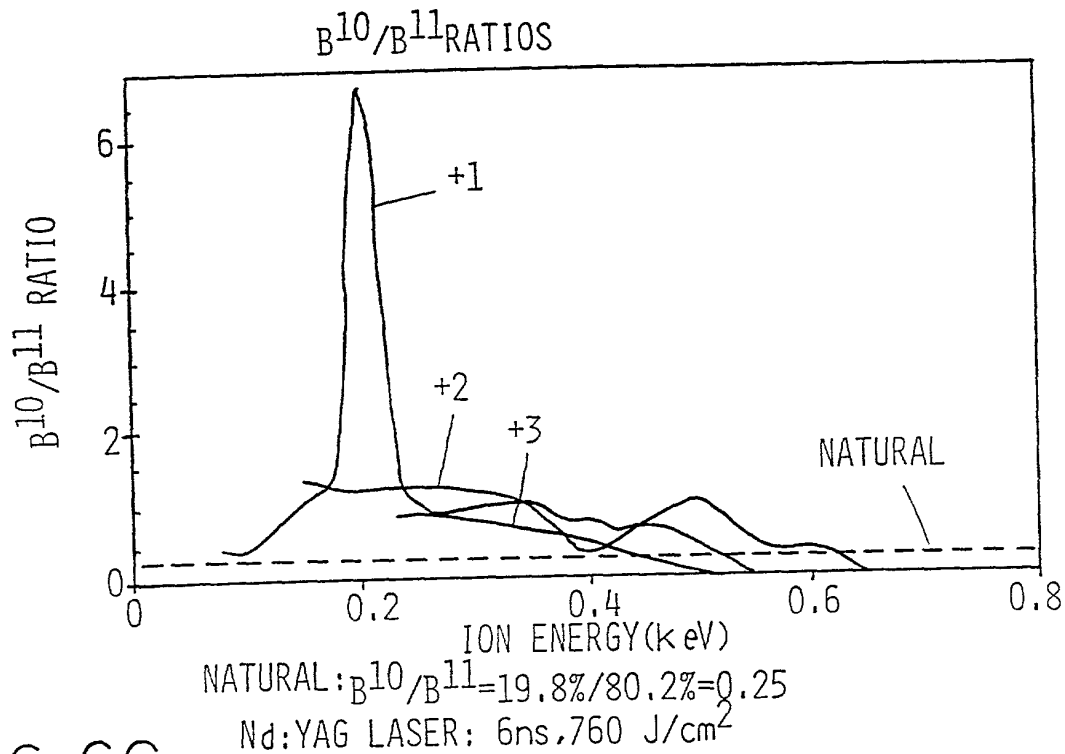


FIG. 6C

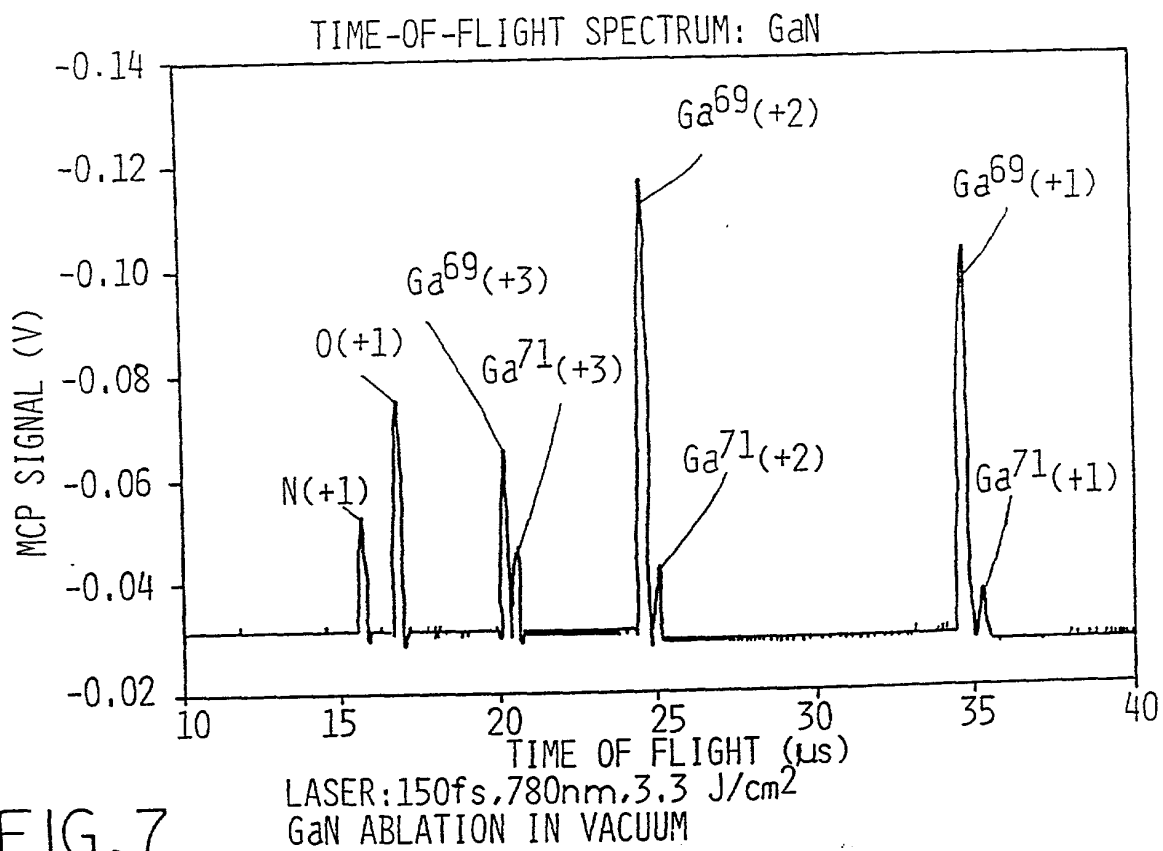


FIG. 7

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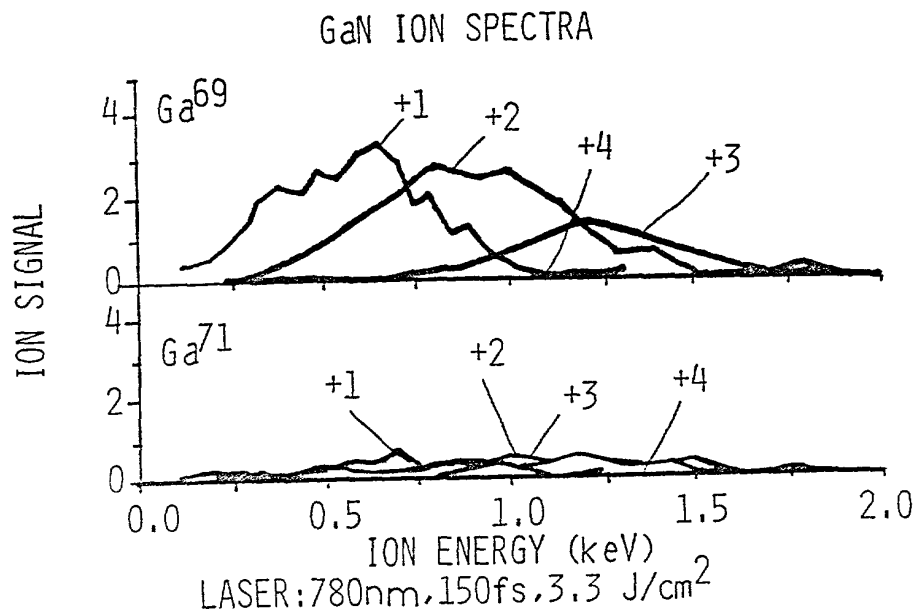


FIG. 8A

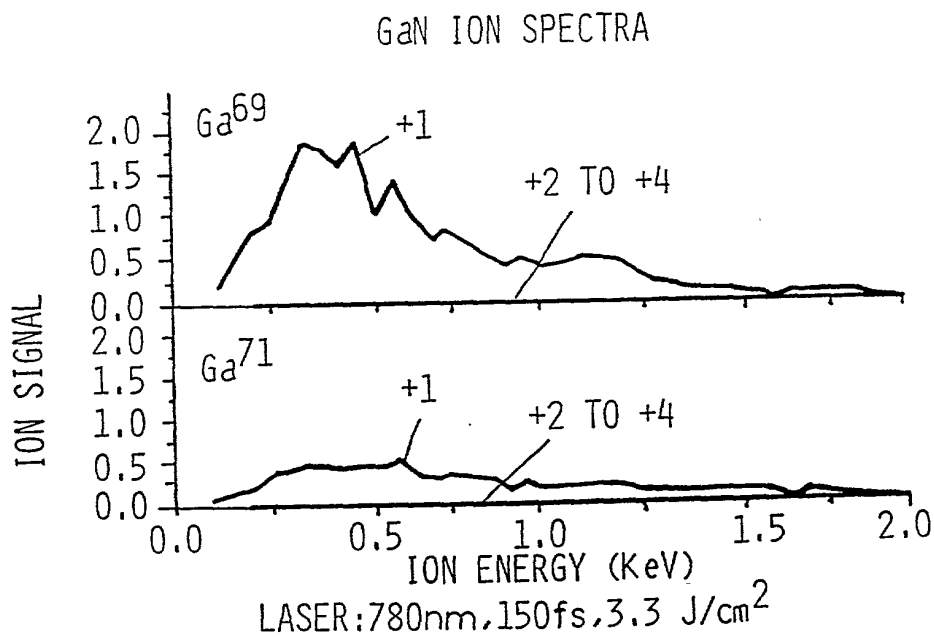
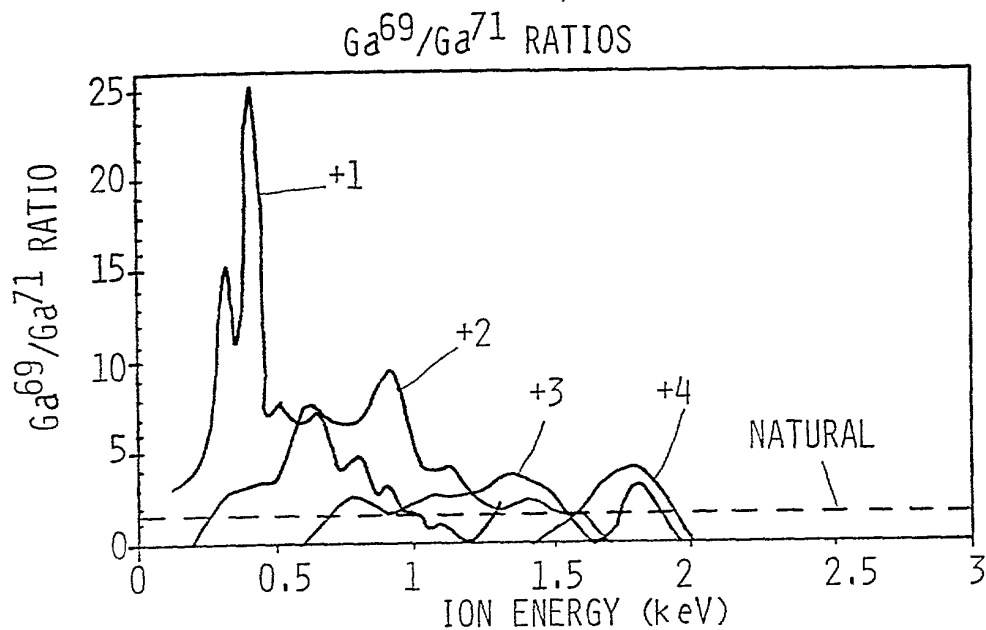


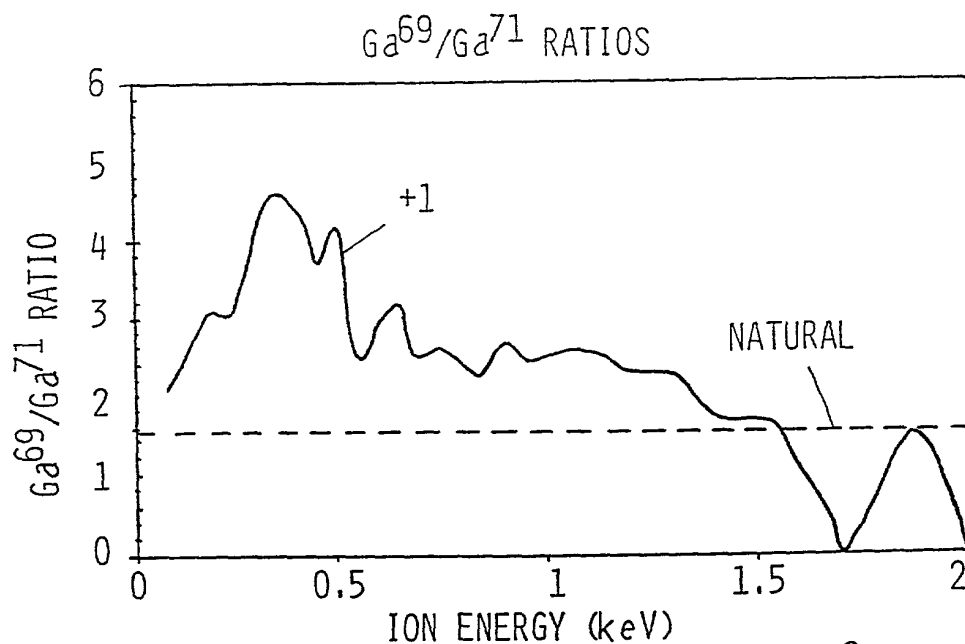
FIG. 8B

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Ti:SAPPHIRE LASER: 150fs, 3.3 J/cm²
NATURAL: $Ga^{69}/Ga^{71} = 60.4\%/39.6\% = 1.53$

FIG.9A



Ti:SAPPHIRE LASER: 150fs, 3.3 J/cm²
NATURAL: $Ga^{69}/Ga^{71} = 60.4\%/39.6\% = 1.53$

FIG.9B

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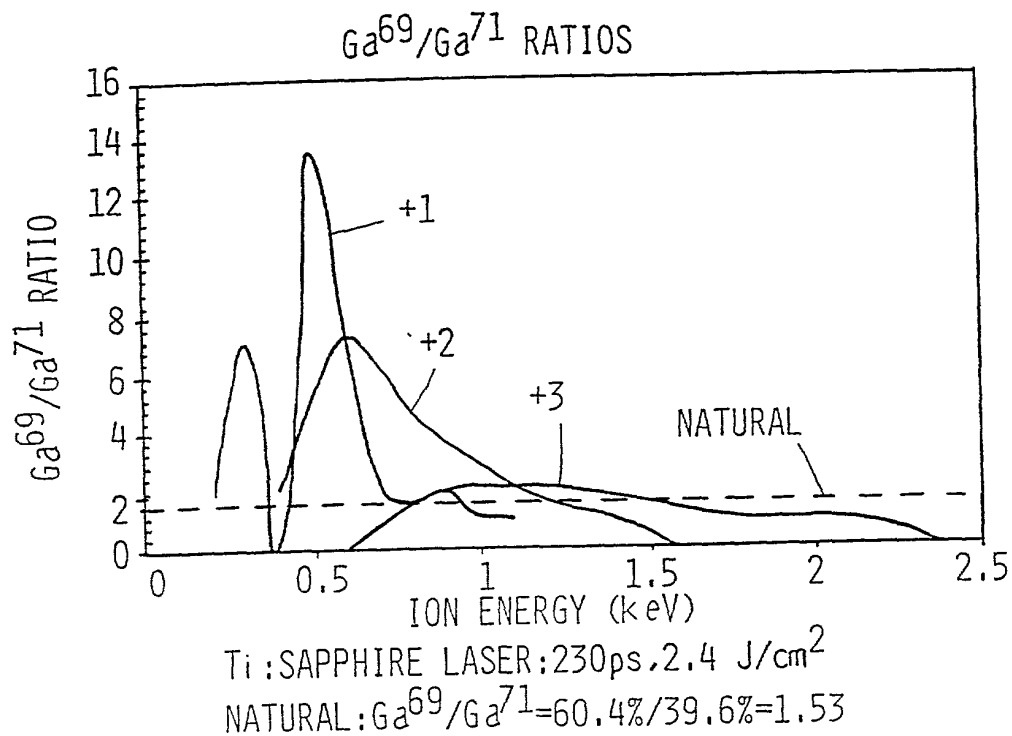


FIG.9C

2" SUBSTRATE HOLDER:
 TEMPERATURE: -196°C TO 1000°C
 ROTATION & TRANSLATION
 MOVED UP AND OUT OF PLUME FOR
 ELECTROSTATIC ANALYZER

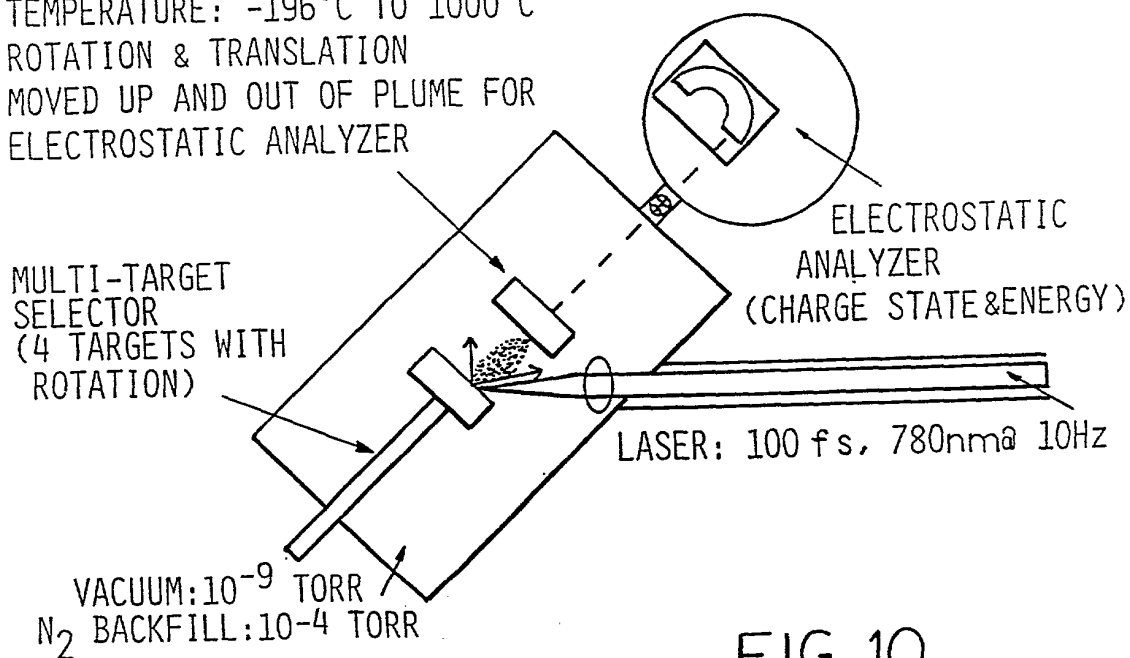


FIG.10

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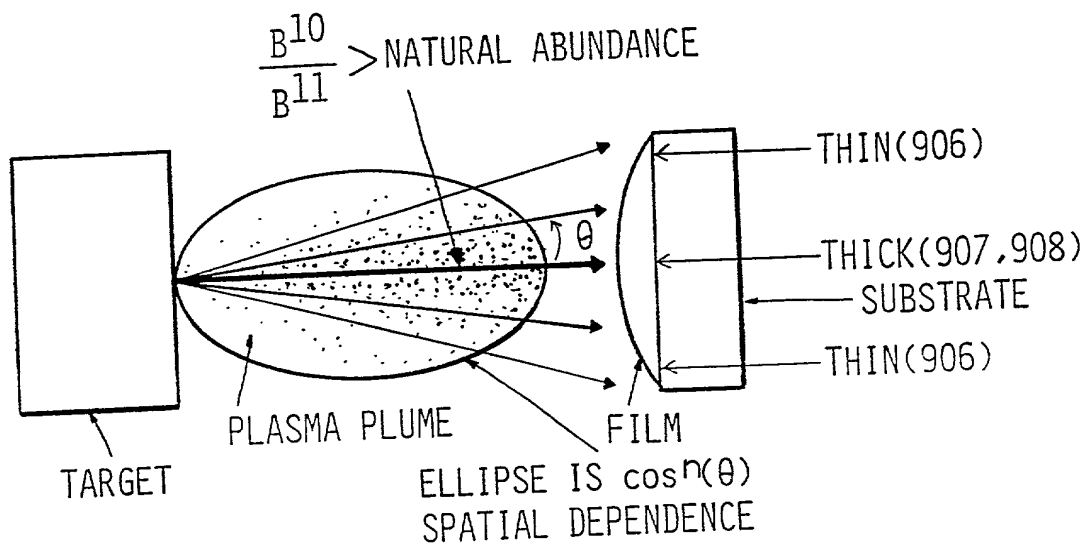


FIG.11

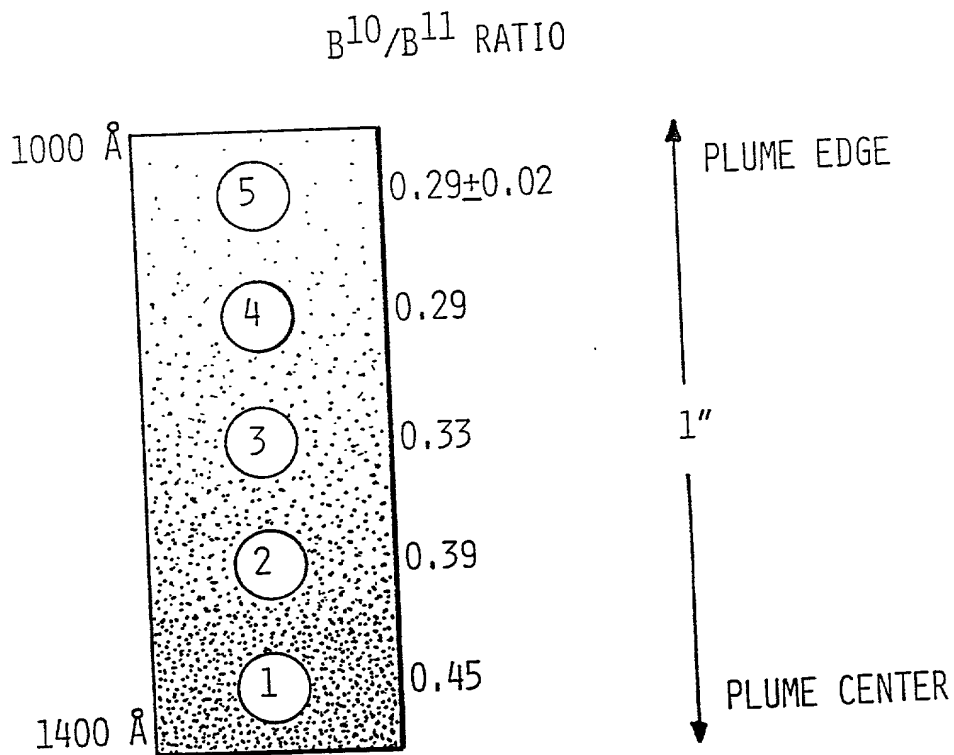


FIG.14A

208220"40E9800T

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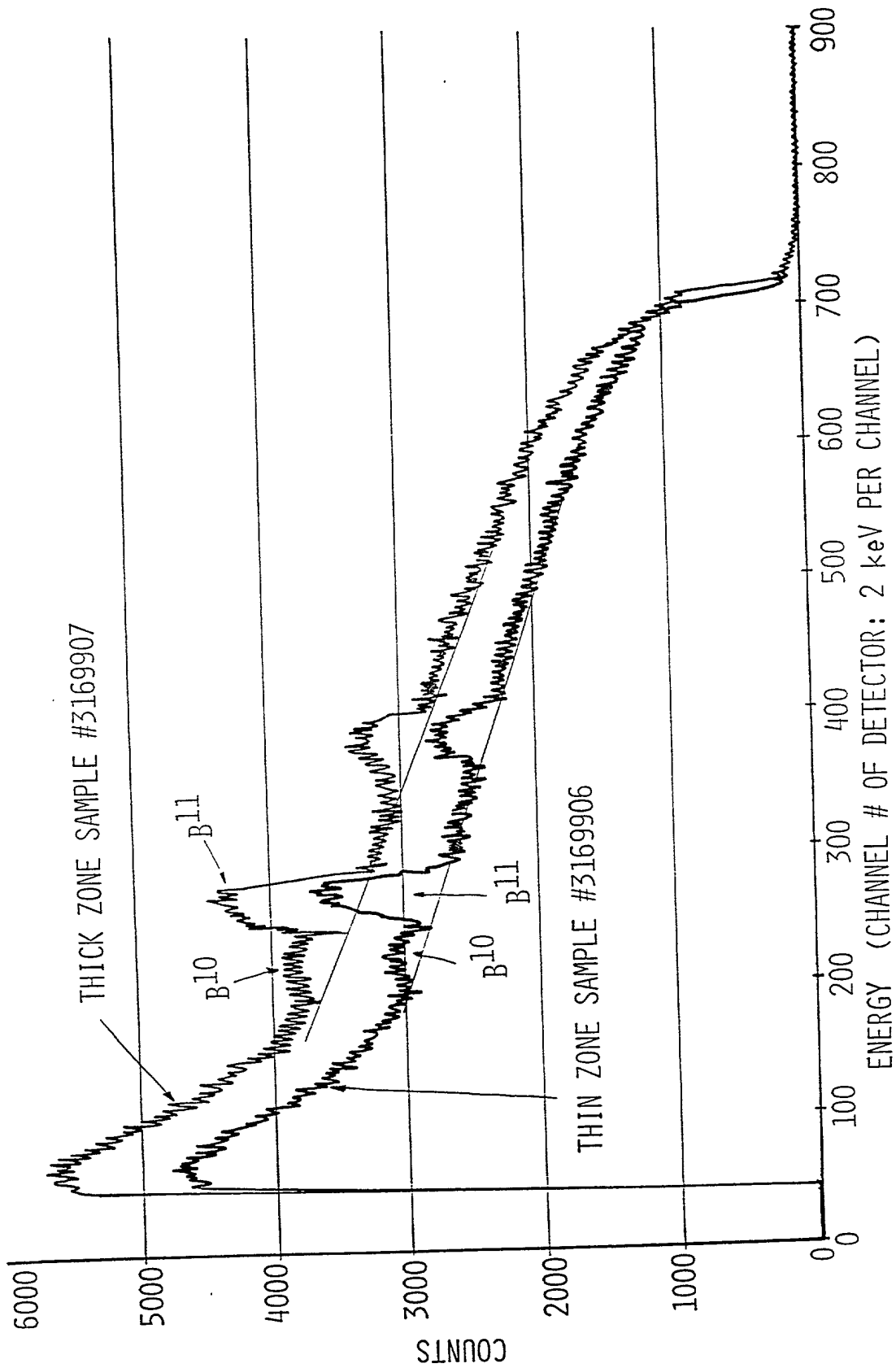


FIG. 12

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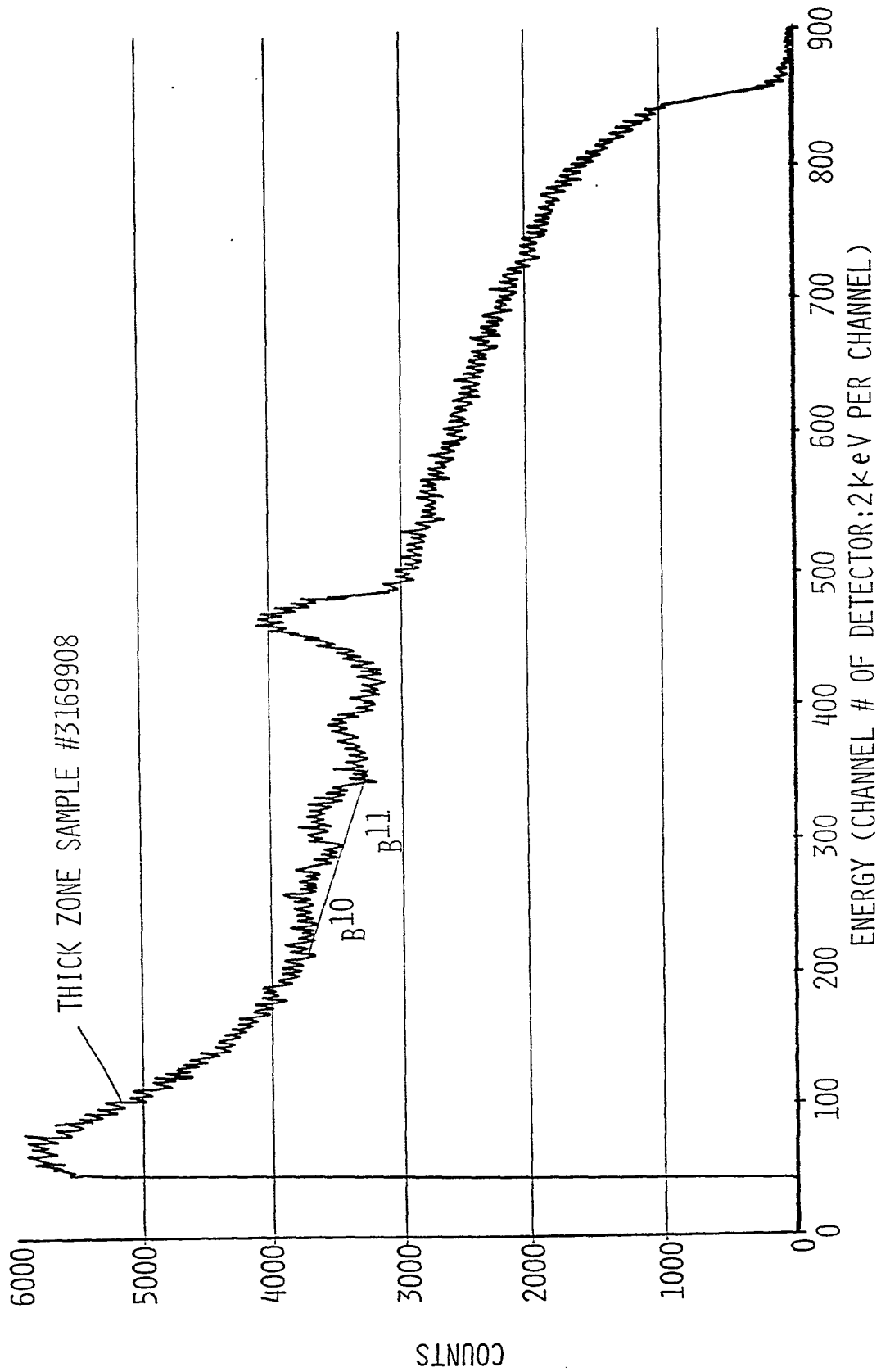


FIG. 13

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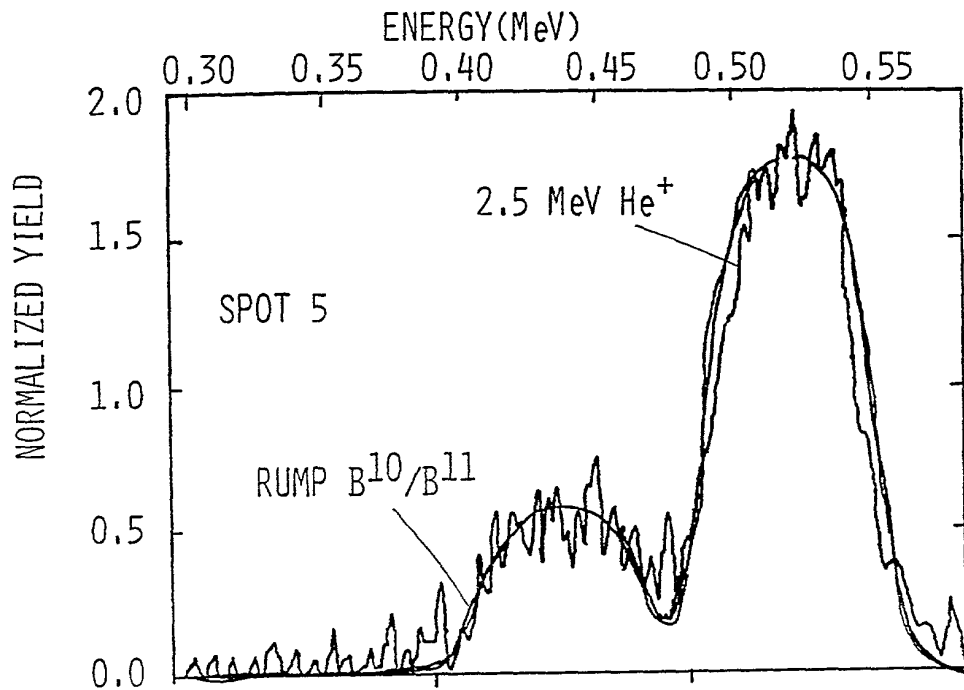


FIG.14B

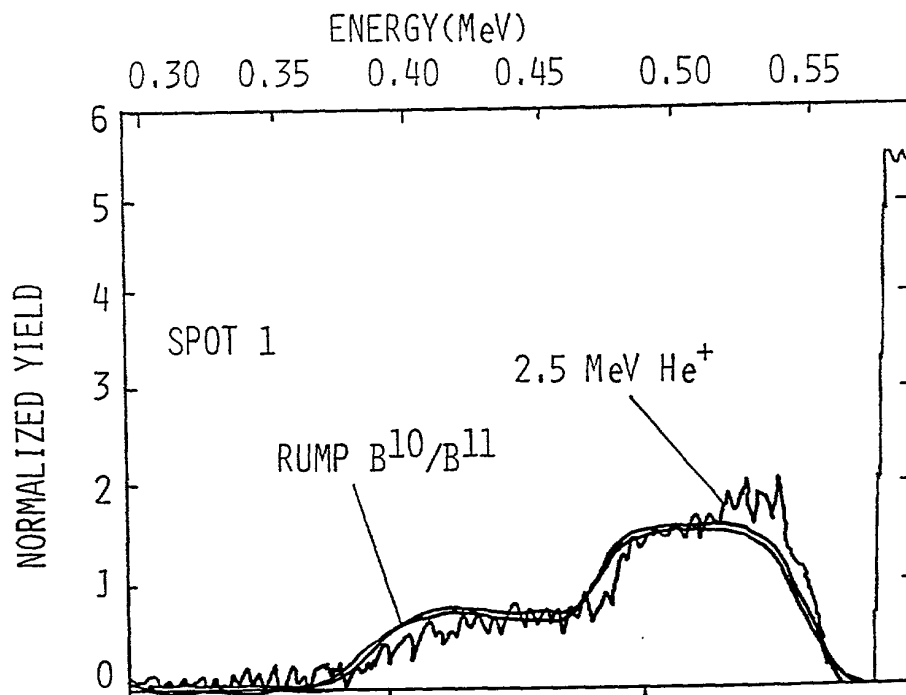


FIG.14C

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FIG. 15A

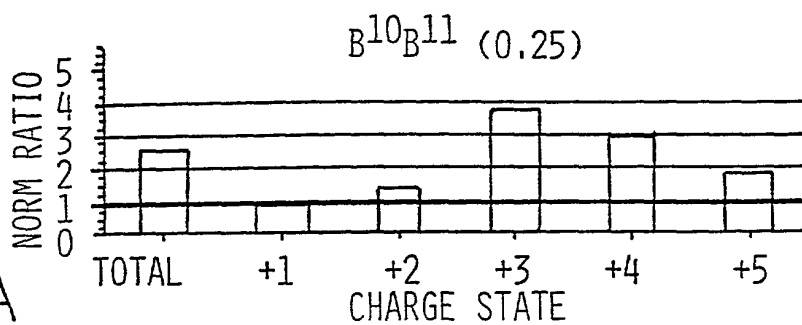


FIG. 15B

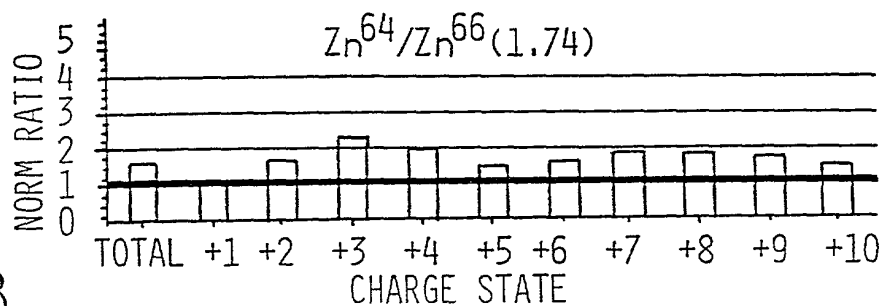


FIG. 15C

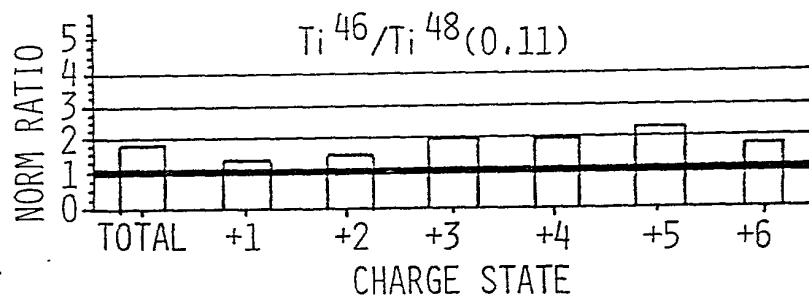


FIG. 15D

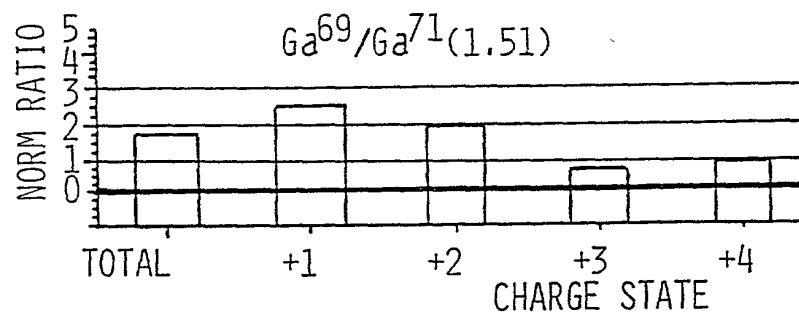
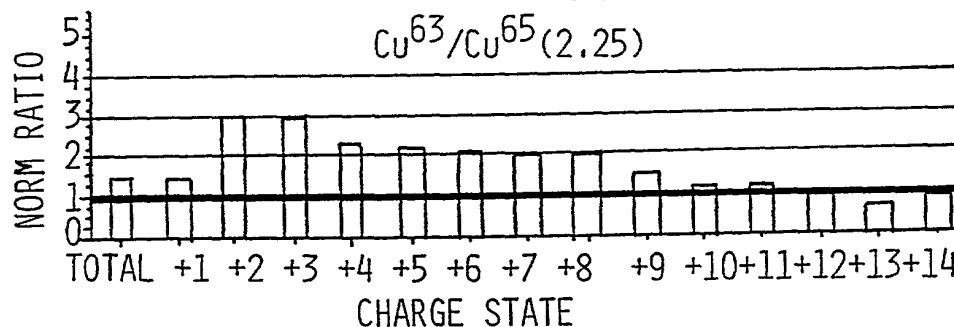


FIG. 15E



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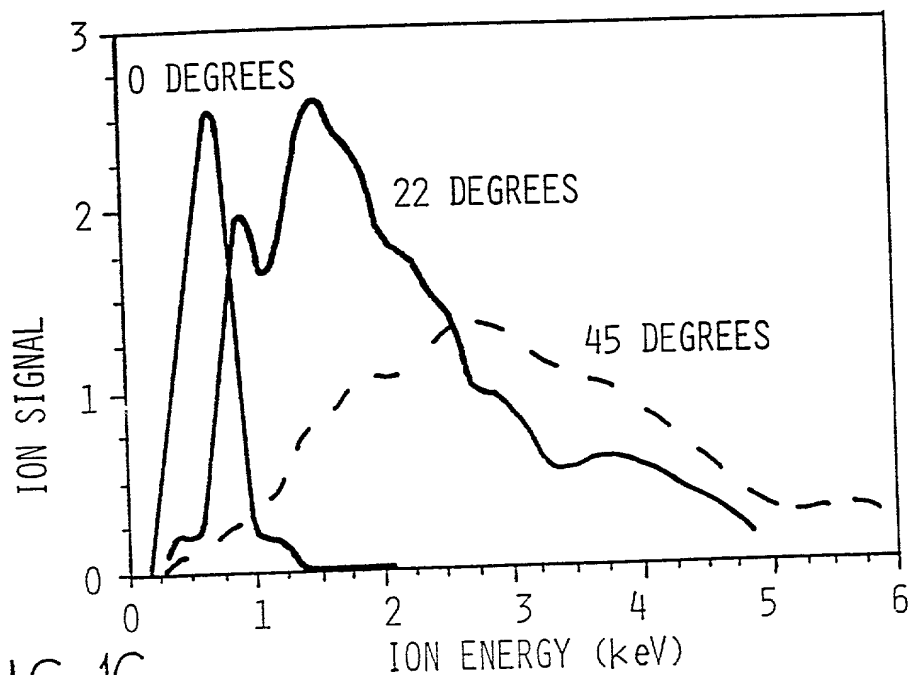


FIG.16

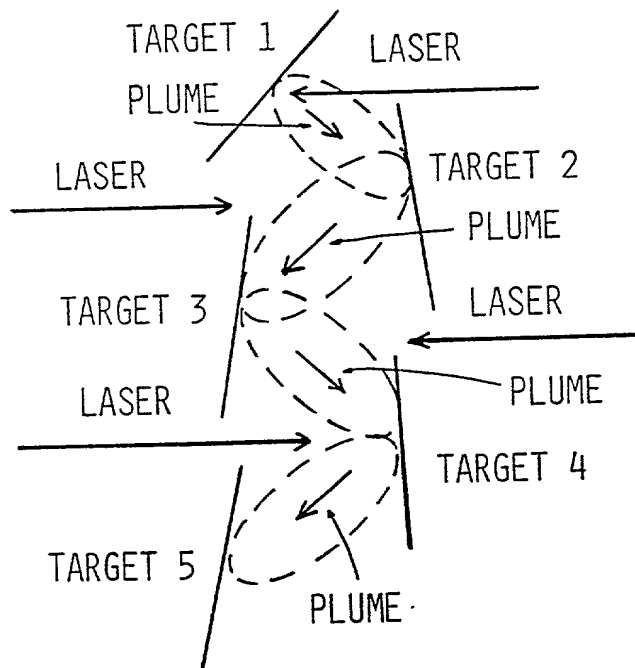


FIG.18

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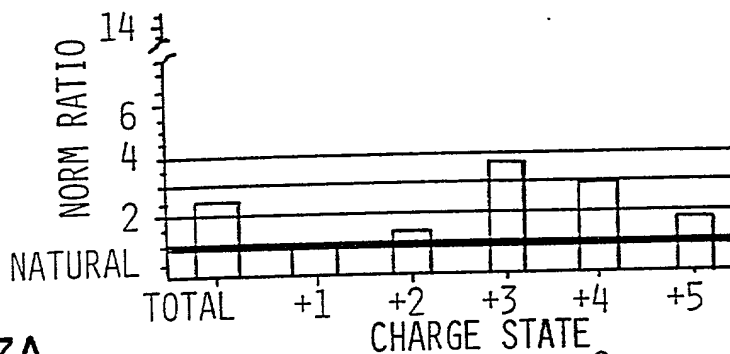


FIG.17A

200fs (NIR), $1 \times 10^{14} \text{ W/cm}^2$

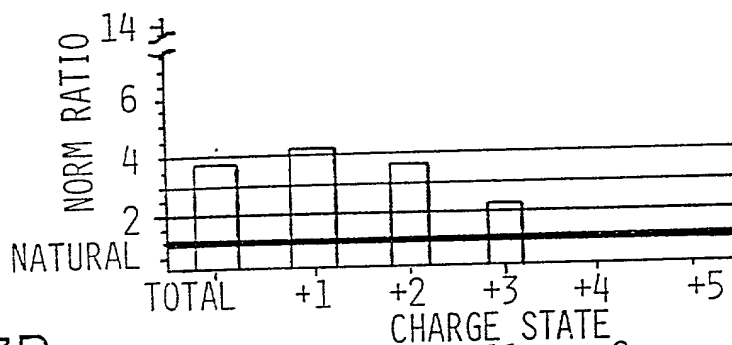


FIG.17B

6 ns (IR), $1 \times 10^{11} \text{ W/cm}^2$

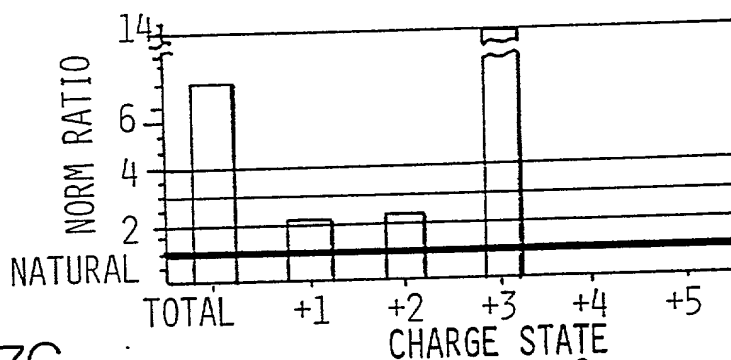


FIG.17C

230 ps (NIR), $3 \times 10^9 \text{ W/cm}^2$

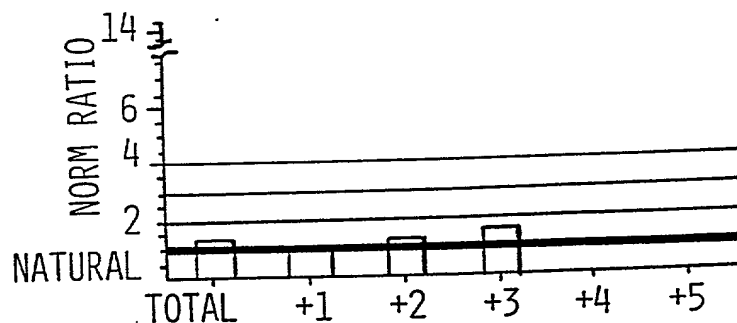


FIG.17D

6 ns (UV), $4 \times 10^9 \text{ W/cm}^2$

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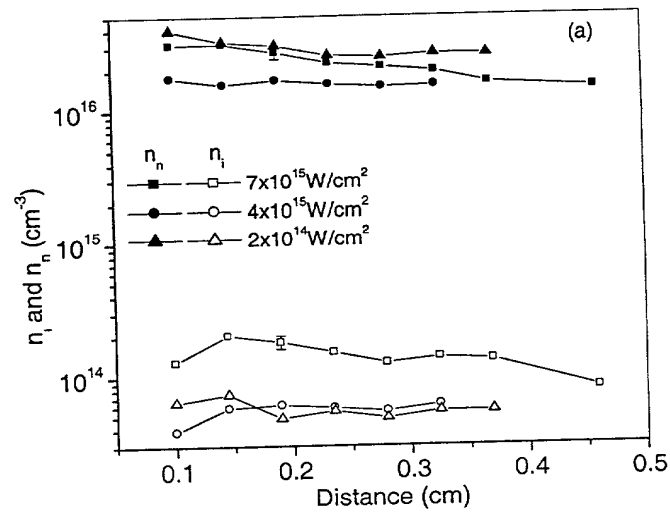


FIG. 19A

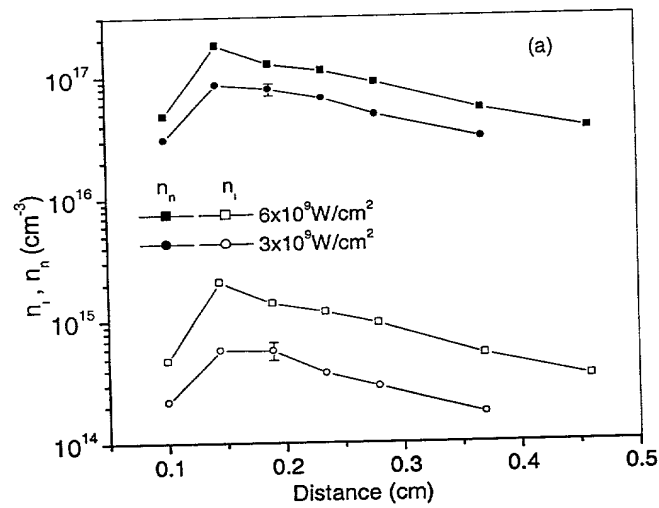


FIG. 19B

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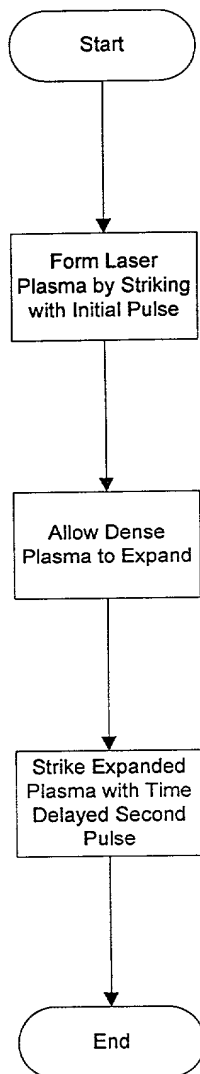


FIG. 20

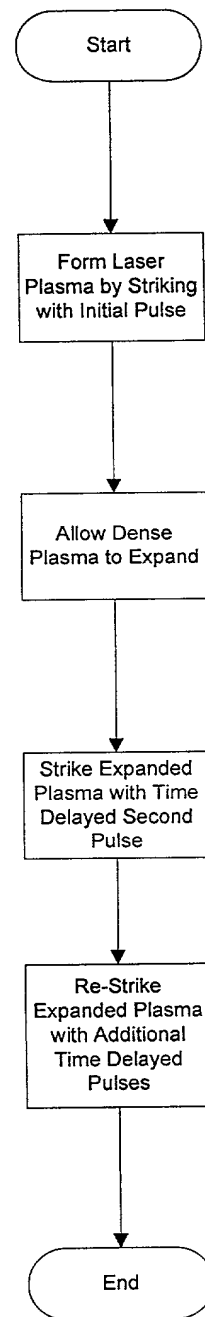


FIG. 23

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FIG. 21

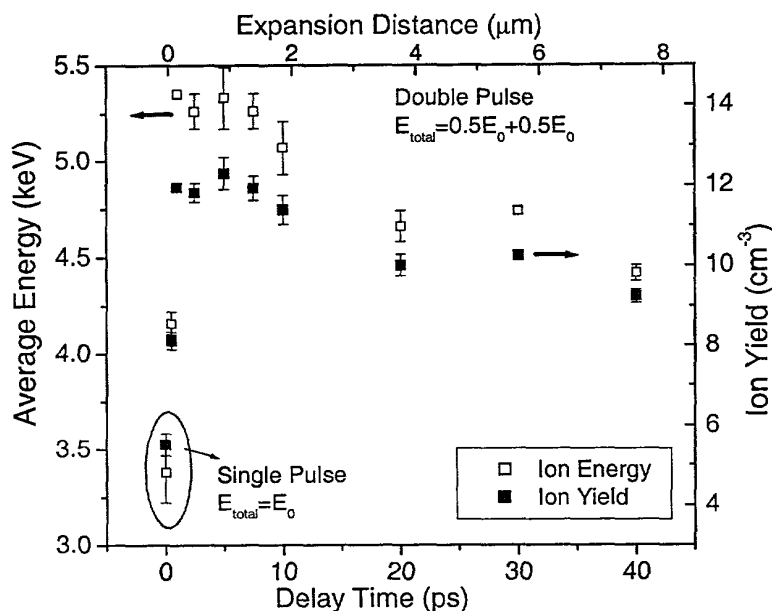


Fig. 1. Average ion yield and energy as a function of time-delay between two identical 120 femtosecond ablation pulses on silicon. The single pulse at zero delay has an energy fluence of 2.2 kJ/cm² on a beam spot diameter of 42 microns. The two double pulses have a fluence of 1.1 kJ/cm² each. Expansion distance based on measured average ion velocity of 1.9x10⁷ cm/s

FIG. 22

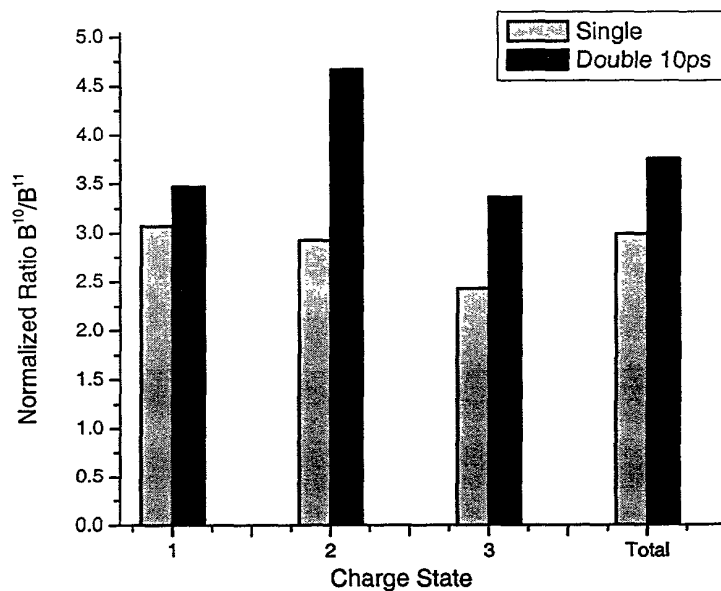
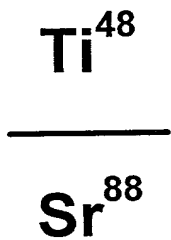


Fig. 1. Enhancement of isotope separation for boron ions in an ultrafast laser ablation plume. Single pulse: 2.2 kJ/cm². Double pulse: 1.1 kJ/cm² each pulse, separated by 10 ps. Laser pulses are 120 fs, 780 nm at 10 Hz. Total laser intensity: 2x10¹⁶ W/cm². Natural abundance = 1.

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FIG. 24



SrTiO₃ Ablation
 10 Hz, 180 fs
 ~10¹⁶ W/cm²

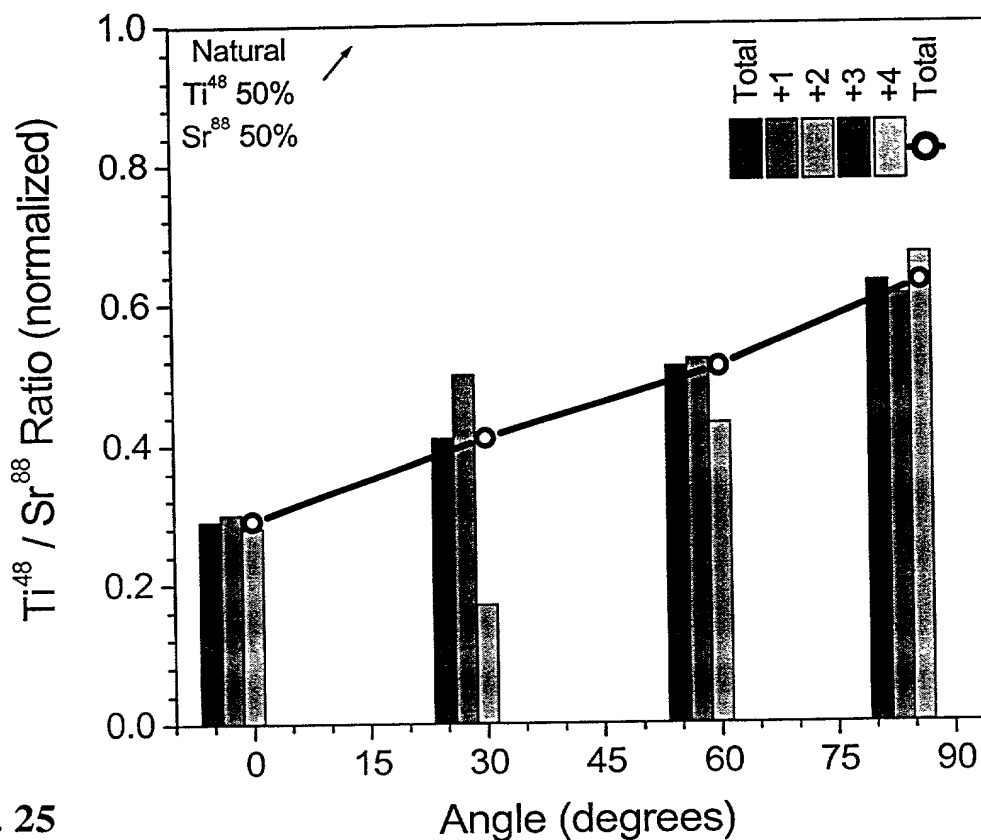
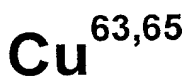
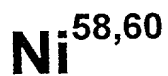
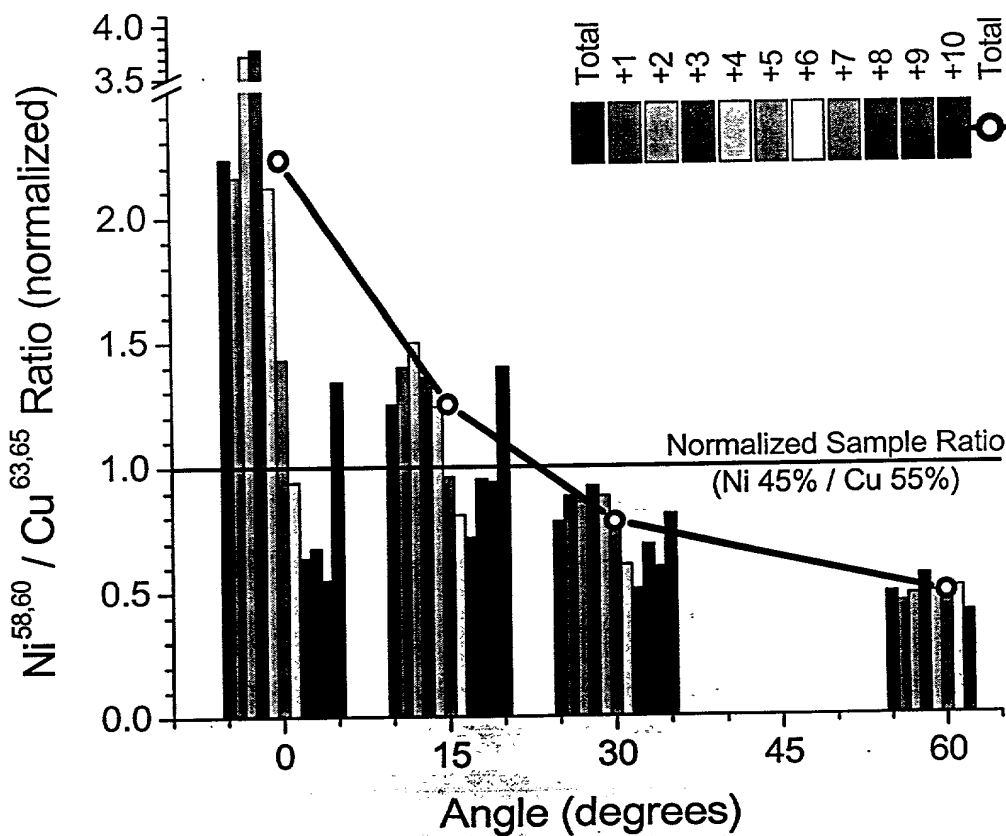


FIG. 25



Cu:Ni Ablation
 10 Hz, 180 fs
 ~10¹⁶ W/cm²



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FIG. 26

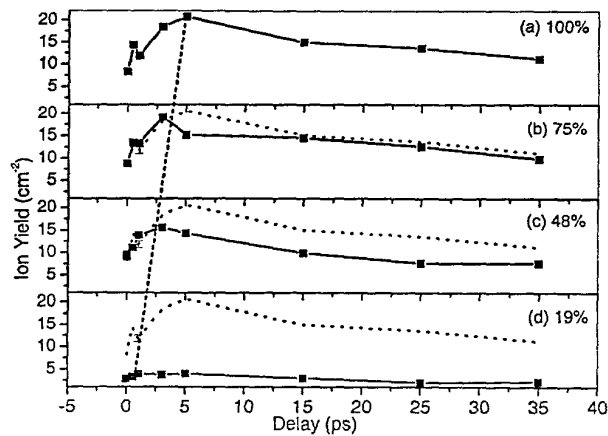


FIG. 27

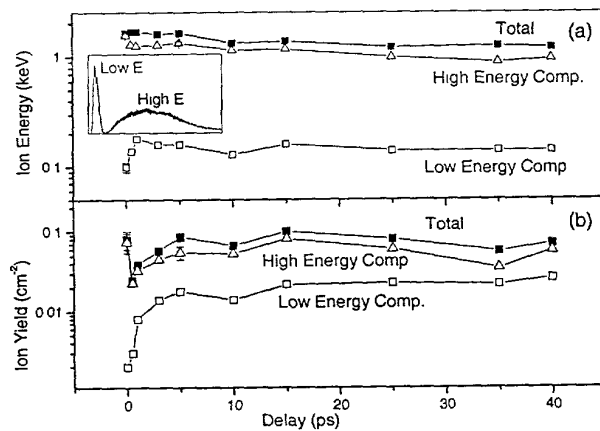


FIG. 28

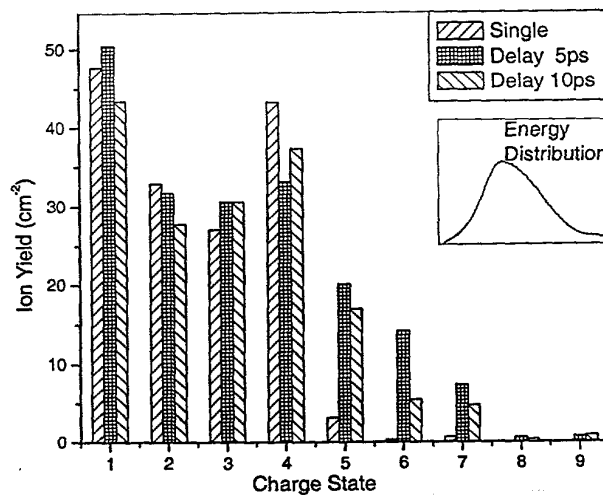


FIG. 29

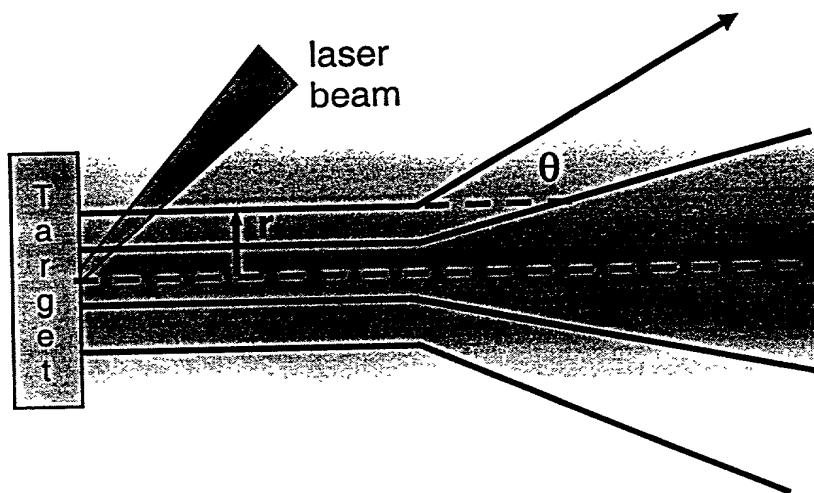


FIG. 30

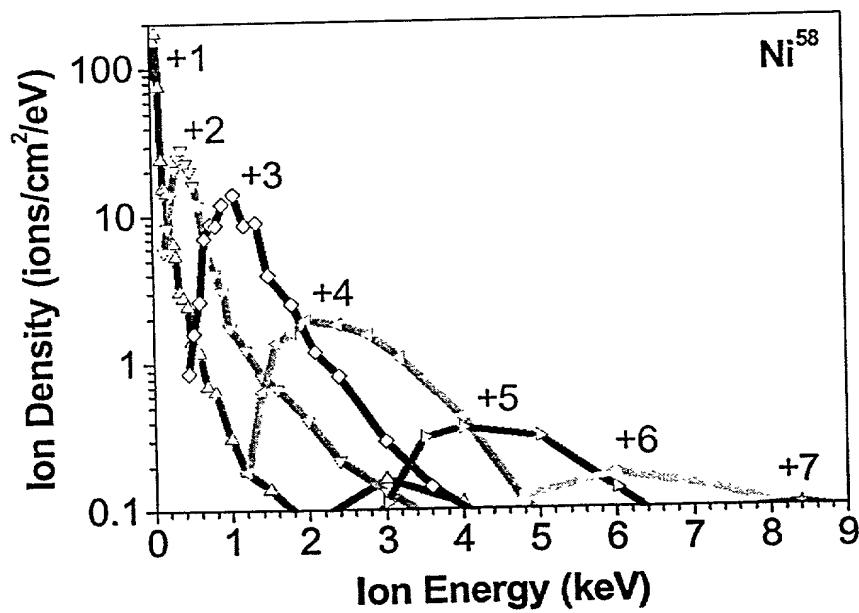


FIG. 32

